## Quiz \#2

Name: $\qquad$

1. For a single slit experiment, the middle position on the screen is: [bright] [dark] (circle one).
2. For a double slit experiment, which distance should be the largest? $[\lambda][D][d]$
3. For a double slit experiment with light, which distance should be the smallest? $[\boldsymbol{\lambda}][\boldsymbol{D}][d]$

For the remainder of these questions, use: $\lambda=632.8 \mathrm{~nm}, d=300 \mu \mathrm{~m}, a=80 \mu \mathrm{~m}$, and $D=1.8 \mathrm{~m}$.
4. For a double slit experiment, you see a pattern like this, where "height" corresponds to "brightness" or intensity. What is " $m$ " for the bright point indicated by the dot?

$$
m=
$$

5. What is the position $y$ for this bright spot? $y=$ $\qquad$

6. What is $\theta$ for this bright spot?

$$
\theta=
$$

7. For these bright spots, you plot $y$ vs $m$. Determine the slope of this plot, as a number.

$$
\text { slope }=\ldots \quad \mathrm{mm}
$$

8. Here is a similar intensity pattern for a single slit experiment. What is " $n$ " for the dark point indicated by the dot?

$$
n=
$$

9. What is the position $y$ for this dark spot?
$y=$ $\qquad$

10. For these dark spots, you plot $y$ vs $n$. Determine the slope of this plot, as a number.
slope $=$ $\qquad$
