

Find the shear force and bending moments in the beam having the loading shown.

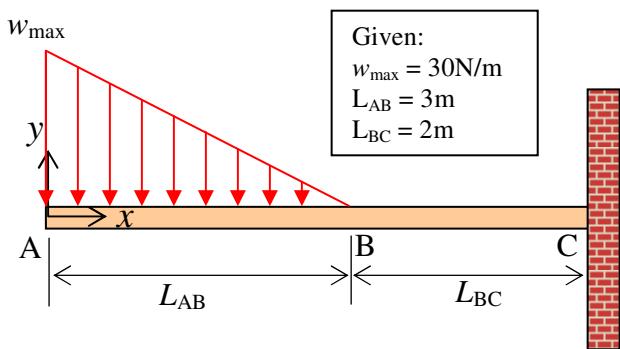
First, find $w_{AB}(x)$: $w_{AB}(x) = w_{\max}(1 - x/L_{AB})$

Find the shear force for section AB:

$$V_{AB}(x) = - \int w_{\max} \left(1 - \frac{x}{L_{AB}} \right) dx$$

$$V_{AB}(x) = -w_{\max} \left(x - \frac{x^2}{2L_{AB}} \right) + C_1 \quad \text{but } C_1 = 0, \text{ so}$$

$$V_{AB}(x) = -w_{\max} \left(x - \frac{x^2}{2L_{AB}} \right)$$



Find the V_B to use as a boundary condition for the next region:

$$V_B = -w_{\max} \left(L_{AB} - \frac{L_{AB}^2}{2L_{AB}} \right) = -\frac{w_{\max} L_{AB}}{2} \rightarrow V_B = -45 \text{ N}$$

Find the shear force for section BC. In this region, $w = 0$:

$$V_{BC}(x) = - \int 0 dx = C_2 = V_B \quad \text{because if } V_{BC} \text{ is constant, then it must be the same as point B which we already know.}$$

$$V_{BC}(x) = \frac{-w_{\max} L_{AB}}{2}$$

Find the bending moment for section AB:

$$M_{AB}(x) = \int -w_{\max} \left(x - \frac{x^2}{2L_{AB}} \right) dx = -w_{\max} \left(\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{x^3}{6L_{AB}} \right) + C_3 \quad \text{But, } M \text{ at point A is zero, so } C_3 = 0:$$

$$M_{AB}(x) = -w_{\max} \left(\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{x^3}{6L_{AB}} \right)$$

$$\text{Find the } M_B \text{ to use as a boundary for the next region: } M_B = -w_{\max} \left(\frac{L_{AB}^2}{2} - \frac{L_{AB}^3}{6L_{AB}} \right) = \frac{-w_{\max} L_{AB}^2}{3} \rightarrow M_B = -90 \text{ Nm}$$

Finding the bending moment for section BC:

$$M_{BC}(x) = \int \left(\frac{-w_{\max} L_{AB}}{2} \right) dx = \frac{-w_{\max} L_{AB} x}{2} + C_3 \quad \text{Using } M_B \text{ at } x=L_{AB}:$$

$$\frac{-w_{\max} L_{AB}^2}{3} = \frac{-w_{\max} L_{AB} L_{AB}}{2} + C_3 \rightarrow C_3 = \frac{+w_{\max} L_{AB}^2}{6}$$

$$M_{BC}(x) = \frac{-w_{\max} L_{AB} x}{2} + \frac{w_{\max} L_{AB}^2}{6} \quad M_{BC}(x) = \frac{w_{\max} L_{AB}}{6} (L_{AB} - 3x)$$

The shear and bending moment diagrams are shown:

